| Key Vocabulary |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| digest | Break down food so it can be used <br> by the body. |
| oesophagus | A muscular tube which moves food from <br> the mouth to the stomach. |
| stomach | An organ in the digestive system where <br> food is broken down with stomach acid <br> and by being churned around. |
| small intestine | Part of the intestine where nutrients are <br> absorbed into the body. |
| large intestine | Part of the intestine where water is <br> absorbed from remaining waste food. <br> Faeces are formed in the large intestine. |
| rectum | Part of the digestive system where <br> faeces are stored before leaving the body <br> through the anus. |

Human Teeth and Their Functions
and cuts
bites


## Key Knowledge

The teeth of an animal are designed to eat different foods depending on the diet of the animal. Examples of a herbivore, a carnivore and an omnivore skull:


## An Example of a Food Chain

The arrows in a food chain show the flow of energy.


| Key Vocabulary |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| herbivore | An animal that eats plants. |
| carnivore | An animal that feeds on other animals. |
| omnivore | An animal that eats plants and animals. |
| producer | An organism, such as a plant, that produces its own food. |
| predator | An animal that hunts and eats other animals. |
| prey | An animal that gets hunted and eaten by another animal. |

## To help prevent tooth decay:

- limit sugary food and drink;
- brush teeth at least twice daily using a fluoride toothpaste;
- visit your dentist regularly.


